### Coextrusion Blown Film Lines

Unique - variable - from 2 to 9 layers - optional air or water cooling for film bubbles with diameters from 20 to 350 mm - easy operation and quick change-over

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#### Technical Data

|                         | Diameter | Throughput
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Extruder</td>
<td>mm</td>
<td>kg/h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>20/25/30/45 x 25-30 D</td>
<td>2 - 90 kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melt pumps</td>
<td>cm/rpm</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0.6 / 1,25 / 2,25 / 4,5</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coextrusion die type KWT</td>
<td>No. of layers</td>
<td>3 / 5 / 7 / 9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>with radial melt</td>
<td>No. of extruders</td>
<td>2 to 9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>distribution system</td>
<td>Die diameter</td>
<td>30 - 180</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blown film haul-off</td>
<td>Lay-flat width</td>
<td>350 / 550</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>with air cooling</td>
<td>Haul-off height</td>
<td>3000 / 4000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blown film haul-off</td>
<td>Lay-flat width</td>
<td>350 / 450</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>with water cooling</td>
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<td></td>
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</tbody>
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**Special designs**

The coextrusion die type RWT V can accommodate substantial thermal differences between individual layers. Hence, thermally sensitive barrier layers other than the supporting layers may be processed at a markedly lower temperature.

**Different variations in the design of coextrusion dies**

- **Number of layers**
  - 2 up to 9 layer

- **Sizes**
  - Type RWT 20, die diameter 20 to 30 mm
  - Type RWT 40, die diameter 40 to 100 mm
  - Type RWT 80, die diameter 80 to 180 mm

- **Special designs**
  - coextrusion die
  - extruder
die
  - extruder die
  - extruder carriage
die
  - melt pump
carriage
  - film haul-off and winder
carriage
  - central control
die

**The patented 5-Layer Coextrusion Die Type RWT**

The coextrusion die is the heart of the multi-layer line. Dies of COLLIN are equipped with a spiral mandrel distributor (RWT).

**Special features:**
- design comprises flat disks
- radial melt feeding
- identically short melt flow paths in each layer
- identical geometry of distributor disks, hence easy expansion in the number of layers
- greatly simplified disassembly and purging compared with dies operating with coaxial cylindrical distributors.

The spiral mandrel distributor is designed to allow processing of a wide range of viscosities. Moreover, the flow speed and hence the thickness of the individual layers may be changed within a wide range of options.

**Extruders**

Collin offers extruders with diameters of 20, 25, and 45 mm. These come with an L/D ratio of 25 or 30. Corresponding screw geometries for all standard polymers as well as geometries with shear sections or mixing sections also are available.

**Sizes**

- Type RWT 20, die diameter 20 to 30 mm
- Type RWT 40, die diameter 40 to 100 mm
- Type RWT 80, die diameter 80 to 180 mm

**Extruder carriages**

Extruders and their control cabinets are independent units which can be adapted to the required centre height in various ways:

- a) in case of extruders with a fixed height, flexible melt hoses are used to match the different feed heights of the die zones.
- b) a hydraulically adjustable system with four synchronised cylinders allows fine-adjustment of the required height.
- c) extruder with height adjustment by a motor allow an adaption of the extruder height within a range of 450 mm to 1,350 mm (see fig. below).

**Screen**

a) Breaker plates with inserted screens allow rough filtering at long intervals. For the screen change the flange connection has to be opened.

b) Pivotable screens allow a screen change-over without opening the flange.

**Gravimetric feeding**

Gravimetric feeding systems have become the state-of-the-art method of ensuring even layer thicknesses. The screw speed is controlled via the weight reduction in the weighing hopper (see fig. below).

**Melt pumps**

Melt pumps are a preferred alternative for a very small throughput rate per layer which may escape the precise control range of the gravimetric metering system, or a very high pressure consumption of the die.

**Film haul-offs**

- a) Air cooling
  - Most blown film lines are hauled off in an upward direction with air cooled devices. Features include height-adjustable collapsible frames, alternative roller trains, water-cooled nip rolls. Winders may optionally be used as a circumferential or as central winding device.

- b) Water cooling
  - In special cases, such as the production of transparent tubular PP film, direct shock cooling by means of a water calibration ring has proved efficient. In this case, the product is extruded in a downward direction.

**Central control**

Each individual extruder can be equipped with an ECS microprocessor control unit. The ergonomically designed operator panel is swivel-mounted and positioned at eye level. The die and all downstream units are equipped with an ECS control. All control units are connected to a master computer via a RS 485 interface. The master computer can manage all set value points of the extruders and record all measured values.

A special start-up control is also available. It allows synchronous starting up of the system to production output level via the master computer.

The control system is also comprised of extensive monitoring, diagnostics and alarm utilities.

**Examples**

Pages 4-8 show units for different applications.
2 to 3-Layer Blown Film Lines
with air cooling of the film bubble

Line design
Extruders
A high pressure build-up and materials which are sensitive to long residence times require short fixed couplings between the extruder and the die. The height-adjustable design facilitates the adaption of the extruder to the required feed height.

Die
A coextrusion die type RWT 40 with a dual-lip cooling ring allows the production of film with narrow thickness tolerances and an even structure.

Haul-off
The haul-off is also height-adjustable, which facilitates the winding up of the film.

Control unit
All line units are equipped with ECS controls for an activation via one central PC.

5-Layer Blown Film Lines
with air cooling of the film bubble

Line design
Extruders in a semi-circular arrangement ensure efficient floor space utilisation. Their mobility allows swift interchanges as each extruder has its own control unit, thus acting as an independent unit which may be operated as an individual machine as well as part of a complete line.

The units can be interconnected with the help of the master computer by means of a simple interface cable.
Coextrusion Blown Film Lines

**Processing method**
In contrast to the air cooling system, the film blowing die is mounted with its die gap pointing down and the warm film bubble is cooled by water in a calibrator.

**Application**
- for the production of thick-wall blown film of up to 300 µm or optionally for PP or PA film
- in a diameter range from 20 mm to 280 mm
- for the production of tubes for medical or food applications
- for mono coextrusion film with up to 7 layers
- with extremely short purging and change-over times, even when coextrusion dies are used

Double-bubble Line for the production of biaxially oriented film bubbles

This process is based on the production of a primary film bubble using the method of water cooling. The shock of cold "freezes" the product into a crystalline structure which then allows a biaxial orientation.

In order to achieve this, the film bubble is heated up in a second bubble (hence the name double bubble) and then stretched into biaxial orientation.

The longitudinal stretching process is accomplished by an increased haul-off speed of the second pair of haul-off rolls. The transverse stretching process is achieved by blowing up the film bubble. The conditions for setting the temperature and speed must strictly be adhered to.

**Applications include:**
- Bubbles for food packaging such as sausage skins, mainly made from PA
- Thin biaxially oriented film made from PP or PE